## Broadwood Primary School

Maths Yearly Overview: Year 1
Number Facts Target to be practised throughout the year:
Ready to Progress Criteria 1NF-1: Develop fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10, 1NF-2: Count forwards and backwards in multiples of 2,5 and 10, up to 10 multiples, beginning with any multiple, and count forwards and backwards through the odd numbers.

| Autumn 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week 1 Week 2 $\quad$ Week 3 | Week $4 \times$ Week 5 | Week 6 Week 7 |
| Place Value (within 10) | Addition and Subtraction (within 10) | Shape <br> (then revisit regularly in key skills sessions) |
| - count forwards and backwards to 10 from any given number <br> - count, read and write numbers to 10 in numerals and words <br> - count to indicate ordinality (e.g. $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }} \ldots$ ) <br> - count to indicate cardinality (i.e. how many in a set) <br> - identify one more and one less <br> - identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, <br> - compare numbers to 10 supported by objects and pictorial representations <br> - use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least <br> - develop recognition of the odd and even number pattern <br> - recognise and create growing patterns (e.g. 1-10 staircase) | - Links to Ready to Progress criteria 1As-1: Compose numbers to 10 from 2 parts, and partition numbers to 10 into parts, including recognising odd and even numbers. <br> - add and subtract numbers to 10 , including zero <br> - solve one-step problems using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems e.g. $7=$ ? -9 <br> - use relationships to reason within 10 (e.g. fact families to relate known and derived facts) <br> - understand the effect of adding or subtracting zero | - Links to Ready to Progress criteria 1G-1: Recognise common 2D and 3D shapes presented in different orientations, and know that rectangles, triangles, cuboids and pyramids are not always similar to one another. <br> - compare similarities and differences between 2D shapes <br> - identify essential features of 2D shapes <br> - handle 3-D shapes and relate to them to everyday objects <br> - compare similarities and differences between 3D shapes <br> - identify essential and non-essential features of 3D shapes |

## Broadwood Primary School

Maths Yearly Overview: Year 1

| Autumn 2 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week $1 \times$ Week 2 Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 Week 7 |
| Place Value (within 20) | Addition and Subtraction within 20 (revisit frequently in key skills sessions during terms 2 \& 3) | Assessment | Addition and Subtraction within 20 (revisit frequently in key skills sessions during terms 2 \& 3) |
| - Links to Ready to Progress criteria 1NPV-2: Reason about the location of numbers to 20 within the linear number system, including comparing using < > and = <br> - identify and represent numbers using representations including the number line <br> - compare numbers to 20 using representations to support <br> - use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least <br> - count within 20, forwards and backwards, from any given number <br> - read and write teens numbers in numerals and words <br> - count to indicate cardinality (i.e. how many in a set) using manipulatives to support understanding of 'a group of 10 and some ones' <br> - count in multiples of two to 20 <br> - identify one more and one less within 20 <br> - Recognise and create number patterns (e.g. growing number patterns, odds and evens) | - Links to Ready to Progress criteria 1AS-2: Read, write and interpret equations containing + , - and = symbols, and relate additive expressions and equations to reallife contexts. <br> - solve addition and subtraction problems as an augmentation model <br> - solve addition and subtraction problems as an aggregation model <br> - read, write and interpret mathematical statements understanding what the addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs represent <br> - use relationships to reason about facts to 20 (e.g. representing fact families) using concrete objects and pictorial representations when crossing 10 <br> - understand the effect of adding or subtracting zero <br> - solve one-step problems using concrete objects and pictorial representations including missing number problems |  | - solve addition and subtraction problems to 20 as an aggregation model using concrete objects and pictorial representations when crossing 10 <br> - use relationships to reason about facts to 20 (e.g. representing fact families) using concrete objects and pictorial representations when crossing 10 <br> - understand the effect of adding or subtracting zero <br> - solve one-step problems using concrete objects and pictorial representations including missing number problems <br> - read, write and interpret mathematical statements understanding what the addition $(+)$, subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs represent |


| Spring |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week 1 Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 | Week 7 |
| Place Value (within 50) | Multiplication and Division (To include Money) |  |  | Measures (length and height) | Time: calendar (then revisit regularly in key skills session) |
| - count forwards and backwards to 50 beginning from any given number placing emphasis on tens <br> - use number lines to support understanding of position and order <br> - read and write numbers to 50 in numerals <br> - identify one more and one less within 50 <br> - identify and represent numbers to 50 using objects and pictorial representations to recognise place value <br> - count for cardinality (identifying how many) using groupings of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ or 10s to move on from counting in 1s <br> - compare numbers to 50 using objects to support <br> - use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least | - Use the array model to make connections with counting in $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s (using objects and pictorial representations to support) <br> - Use resources and pictorial representations to understand doubling <br> - Use resources to divide small quantities by sharing between a given number <br> - Use resources to divide small quantities into groups of a given number <br> - solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects <br> - recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes <br> - apply counting in $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s to the context of money to find totals of coins of the same denomination |  |  | - measure <br> lengths and heights using standard and non-standard units <br> - begin to use a ruler <br> - compare lengths and heights using language of long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half <br> - solve practical problems involving lengths and heights | - sequence events in chronological order <br> - use language of: before, after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon, evening <br> - recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years <br> - describe time using later/earlier |


| Spring 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 | Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6 |
| Place Value (within 50) | Fractions: halves |  | Time: clock (then revisit regularly in key skills session) | Assessment | Measures <br> (weight and volume) |
| - count forwards and backwards to 50 beginning from any given number - placing emphasis on tens <br> use number lines to support understanding of position and order <br> - read and write numbers to 50 in numerals <br> - identify one more and one less within 50 <br> - identify and represent numbers to 50 using objects and pictorial representations to recognise place value <br> - count for cardinality (identifying how many) using groupings of 2 s , 5 s or 10 s to move on from counting in 1 s <br> - compare numbers to 50 using objects to support <br> - use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least | - recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity <br> - understand half as a 'fraction of' by solving problems using shapes, objects and quantities e.g. find half a length, quantity, set of objects or shape. connect halves to the equal sharing and grouping of sets of objects and to measures <br> - combining halves as parts of a whole. |  | - measure and begin to record time using second, minutes, hours <br> - compare and describe time using quicker, slower <br> - tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times <br> - use language of o'clock and half past |  | - Begin to use weighing scales and containers for standard measures <br> - Compare and describe weight using heavier than, lighter than <br> - Compare and describe capacity using full, empty, more than, less than, half full, ***quarter***??? |

## Maths Yearly Overview: Year 1

| Summer 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week 1 Week 2 | Week 3 Week 4 | Week 5 |
| Place Value (within 100) | Multiplication and Division (To include Money) | Fractions with Position and Direction: Quarters |
| - count to and across 100, forwards and backwards from any given number (links to Ready to Progress criteria 1NPV-1) <br> - count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals <br> - practise ordinal counting ( $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }}$ ) <br> - solve simple concrete problems involving counting for cardinality <br> - compare numbers up to 100 , supported by objects and pictorial representations <br> - recognise place value in numbers beyond 20 <br> - use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least <br> - identify one more and one less of any given number within 100 <br> - identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line <br> - recognise and create patterns number patterns, e.g. growing patterns, odds and evens, multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$ <br> - count in multiples of twos, fives and tens | - Use the array model to make connections with counting in 2 s , 5 s and 10s (using objects and pictorial representations to support) <br> - Use resources and pictorial representations to understand doubling <br> - Use resources to divide small quantities by sharing between a given number <br> - Use resources to divide small quantities into groups of a given number <br> - solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects <br> - recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes <br> - apply counting in $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s to the context of money to find totals of coins of the same denomination | - recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. <br> - describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns <br> - use the language of position, direction and motion, including: left and right, top, middle and bottom, on top of, in front of, above, between, around, near, close and far, up and down, forwards and backwards, inside and outside <br> - make whole, half, quarter and threequarter turns in both directions and connect turning clockwise with movement on a clock face |

## Broadwood Primary School

## Maths Yearly Overview: Year 1

| Summer 2 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week 1 | Week 2 | Week 3 Week 4 | Week 5 | Week 6-7 |
| Place Value (within 100) | Geometry: Shape | Open questions: Problem solving with all four operations | Assessment | Ready to Progress: |
| - count to and across 100, forwards and backwards from any given number (links to Ready to Progress criteria 1NPV-1) <br> - count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals <br> - practise ordinal counting ( $\left.1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 3^{\text {rd }}\right)$ <br> - solve simple concrete problems involving counting for cardinality <br> - compare numbers up to 100 , supported by objects and pictorial representations <br> - recognise place value in numbers beyond 20 <br> - use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least <br> - identify one more and one less of any given number within 100 <br> - identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line <br> - recognise and create patterns number patterns, e.g. growing patterns, odds and evens, multiples of $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}, 10$ s <br> - count in multiples of twos, fives and tens | - Ready to <br> Progress criteria 1G-2: <br> Compose 2D and 3 D shapes from smaller shapes to match an example, including manipulating shapes to place them in particular orientations. <br> - compose and decompose 2D and 3 D shapes | Revisit objectives from multiplication and division with $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10 s in a problem solving context (incorporating application of measures e.g. money, counting scales) <br> Revisit objectives from addition and subtraction within 20 in a problem solving context (incorporating application of measures e.g. finding lengths/heights, totalling coins) |  | Teacher Assessment, Planning in response to cohort need |

